Installation / Monitoring Technique

VARIMETER IMD Insulation Monitor IL 5880, IP 5880, SL 5880, SP 5880





IT1 A2

IL 5880, SL 5880

Circuit Diagram

IP 5880, SP 5880

12

22

24 21

Connection Terminals

24

Terminal designation	Signal designation
A1	L/+
A2	N/-
L	Connection for monitored IT-systems
PE	Connection for protective conductor
PT	Connection for external test button
LT1, LT2	Connections for external reset or manual and auto reset: LT1/LT2 bridged: hysteresis function LT1/LT2 not bridged: manual reset
11, 12, 14 21, 22, 24	Changeover contact (each for switch in position VW or AL)

- According to IEC/EN 61 557-8
- For single and 3-phase AC-systems up to 0 ... 500 V and 10 ... 10000 Hz
- Adjustable tripping value $R_{_{AL}}$ of 5 ... 100 $k\Omega$ Monitors also disconnected voltage systems
- De-energized on trip
- Auxiliary voltage Measuring Circuit and output contacts are galvanically separated
- Manual and auto reset
- With test and reset button
- Connections of external test and reset buttons possible
- LED indicators for operation and alarm
- 2 changeover contacts
- IL/SL 5880/200 with additional prewarning
 - adjustable prewarning value 10 k Ω ... 5 M Ω
 - output function programmable
- Variant IL/SL 5880/300 according to DIN VDE 0100-551 for mobile generator sets available
- 4 models available:

IL 5880, IP 5880: 61 mm deep with terminals near to the

bottom to be mounted in consumer units or industrial distribution systems

according to DIN 43 880

98 mm deep with terminals near to the SL 5880, SP 5880:

top to be mounted in cabinets with mounting plate and cable ducts

- DIN rail or screw mounting
- 35 mm width

Approvals and Markings



Applications

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- Monitoring of insulation resistance of ungrounded voltage systems to earth.
- IL/SL 5880/200 can also be used to monitor standby devices for earth fault, e.g. motor windings of devices that have to function in the case of emergency.
- IL/SL 5880/300 according to DIN VDE 0100-551 to monitor mobile generator systems
- Other resistance monitoring applications.
- For industrial and railway applications

Function

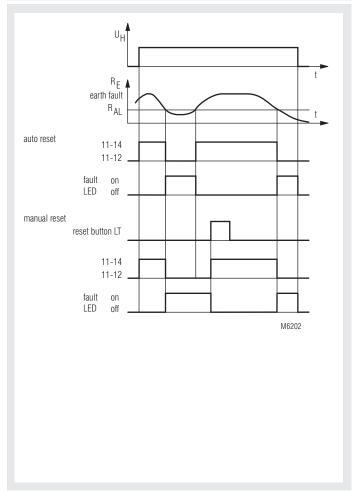
The device is connected to the supply via terminals A1-A2. The unit can either be supplied from the monitored voltage system or from an separate auxiliary supply. Terminal L is connected to the monitored voltage and PE to earth. If the insulation resistance R_E drops below the adjusted alarm value Rai the red LED goes on and the output relay switches off (de-energized on trip). If the unit is on auto reset (bridge between LT1-LT2) and the insulation resistance gets better (R_E rises), the insulation monitor switches on again with a certain hysteresis and the red LED goes off. Without the bridge between LT1-LT2 the Insulation monitor remains in faulty state even if the insulation resistance is back to normal. (In order to achieve failure storage, the voltage system showing a fault must not be switched off too fast after detection of the failure, see notes). The reset is done by pressing the internal or external reset button or by disconnecting the auxiliary supply. By activating the "Test" button an insulation failure can be simulated to test the function of the unit.

The variants IL/SL 5880.12/200 have a second setting range with a higher resistance up to 5 M Ω (Potentiometer R $_{vw}$). This setting value can be used for pre-warning with relay output, by positioning the lower setting switch to "AL 11-12-14; VW 21-22-24".

If the higher setting range should be used only, the setting switch is put in position "VW 2u" and both contacts react only to the higher setting. If the lower setting range should be used only, the setting switch is put in position "AL 2u" and both contacts react only to the lower setting. When set to manual reset the latching is active on both settings R_{at} and

R_{vw}. Therefore it is possible in the case of a short insulation decrease (Switch position AL 11-12-14; VW 21-22-24), to pass the warning signal to a PLC while the main fault does not lead to a disconnection of the mains via the contacts 11-12-14.

Function Diagram



IL 5880, SL 5880, IP 5880, SP 5880



Green LED "ON": Red LED "AL": Yellow LED "VW": On, when supply voltage connected On, when insulation fault detected, ($R_{\rm E} < R_{\rm AL}$) On, when insulation resistance is under

prewarning value, R_E < R_{VW} (only with variant

IL/SL 5880.12/2_ and /300)

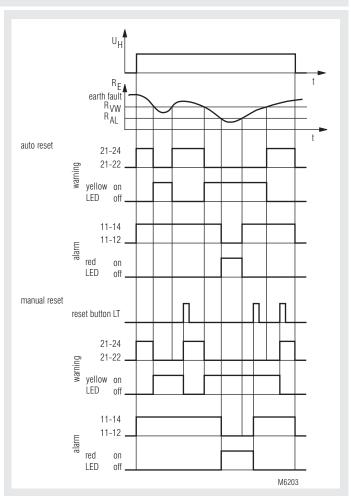
Notes

Storing of insulation failures:

The storing of an insulation failure is delayed slightly longer the reaction of the output relay because of interference immunity. In cases where the defective voltage system is switched off immediartely by the output of the insulation monitor it can happen that the fault is not stored (e. g. mobile generator sets).

For these applications we recommend the variant IL/SL 5880/300, where the output relay reacts only after the fault ist stored. All other features of this variant are simular to IL/SL 5880/200.

The Insulation monitors IL/SL 5880 are designed to monitor AC-voltage systems. Overlayed DC voltage does not damage the instrument but may change the conditions in the Measuring Circuit.



IL 5880/200, SL 5880/200, IP 5880/200, SP 5880/200

Notes

In one voltage system only one Insulation monitor must be connected. This has to be observed when coupling voltage system.

Line capacitance $C_{\rm E}$ to ground does not influence the insulation measurement, as the measurement is made with DC-voltage. It is possible that the reaction time in the case of insulation time gets longer corresponding to the time constant $R_{\rm E}$ * $C_{\rm E}$.

The model /200 can be used, because of it's higher setting value, to monitor single or 3-phase loads for ground fault. If the load is operated from a grounded system the insulation resistance of the load can only be monitored when disconnected from the mains. This is normally the fact with loads which are operated seldom or only in the case of emergency but then must be function (see connection example).

The auxiliary supply can be connected to a separate auxiliary supply or to the monitored voltage system. The range of the auxiliary supply input has to be observed.

When monitoring 3-phase IT systems it is sufficient to connect the insulation monitor only to one phase. The 3-phases have a low resistive connection (approx. 3 - 5 $\Omega)$ via the feeding transformer. So failures that occure in the non-connected phases will also be detected.

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Technical Data			Technical Data		
Auxiliary Circuit			EMC		
Nominal voltage U _N			Electrostatic discharge:	8 kV (air)	IEC/EN 61 000-4-2
IL 5880, SL 5880:	AC 220 240 V, AC 38	30 415 V	HF irradiation 80 MHz 1 GHz:	10 V / m	IEC/EN 61 000-4-3
	0.8 1.1 U _N		1 GHz 2.5 GHz:	3 V / m	IEC/EN 61 000-4-3
	DC 12 V, DČ 24 V 0.9 1.25 U _N		2.5 GHz 2.7 GHz:	1 V / m	IEC/EN 61 000-4-3
IP 5880, SP 5880:	AC / DC 110 240 V		Fast transients: Surge voltages	2 kV	IEC/EN 61 000-4-4
Francis (40)	0.7 1.25 U _N		between A1 - A2:	1 kV	IEC/EN 61 000-4-5
Frequency range (AC): Nominal consumption:	45 400 Hz		between L - PE:	2 kV	IEC/EN 61 000-4-5
AC:	approx. 2 VA		HF-wire guided: Interference suppression:	10 V	IEC/EN 61 000-4-6
DC:	approx. 1 W		IL / SL 5880:	Limit value class B	EN 55 011
Measuring Circuit			IP / SP 5880:	Limit value class A* *)The device is designated the control of th	
Nominal voltage U _N :	AC 0 500 V			under industrial cond	
Voltage range:	0 1.1 U _N			EN 55011). When connected to	a law valtaga publia
Frequency range: Alarm value R _{AI} :	10 10000 Hz 5 100 kΩ			system (Class B, EN	
Prewarning value R _{vw}	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			ference can be gene	erated. To avoid this,
(only at IL/SL 5880/2" _	10 kΩ 5 MΩ		Degree of protection:	appropriate measure	es have to be taken.
and IL/SL 5880/300): Setting R _{AL} ,R _{vw} :	infinite variable		Housing:	IP 40	IEC/EN 60 529
Internal test resistor:	equivalent to earth resi	stance of $< 5 \text{ k}\Omega$	Terminals:	IP 20	IEC/EN 60 529
Internal AC resistance:	> 250 kΩ		Housing:	Thermoplastic with according to UL Sub	
Internal DC resistance: Measuring voltage:	$> 250 \text{ k}\Omega$ approx. DC 15 V, (inter	nally generated)	Vibration resistance:	Amplitude 0.35 mm	,
Max. measuring current		, ,	Oliments and internal		z IEC/EN 60 068-2-6
(R _E = 0): Max. permissible noise	< 0.1 mA		Climate resistance: Terminal designation:	20 / 060 / 04 EN 50 005	IEC/EN 60 068-1
DC voltage:	DC 500 V		Wire connection:	DIN 46 228-1/-2/-3/-	-4
Operate delay			Cross section:	2 x 2.5 mm ² solid or	
at $R_{AL} = 50 \text{ k}\Omega$, $CE = 1 \mu\text{F}$ R_{E} from ∞ to 0.9 R_{AI} :	< 1.3 s		Stripping length:	2 x 1.5 mm ² strande 10 mm	ed wire
$R_{\rm F}$ from ∞ to 0 k Ω :	< 0.7 s		Fixing torque:	0.8 Nm	
Response inaccuracy:	\pm 15 % + 1.5 k Ω	IEC 61557-8	Wire fixing:	Flat terminals with s piece	self-lifting clamping IEC/EN 60 999-1
Hysteresis at $R_{AI} = 50 \text{ k}\Omega$:	approx. 15 %		Mounting:	DIN rail mounting (II	
Output			-		90 mm hole pattern,
<u> </u>			Weight:	with additional clip a	vailable as accessory
Contacts: IL / SL 5880.12,			IL 5880:	160 g	
IP / SP 5880.12:	2 changeover contacts		SL 5880: IP 5880:	189 g 250 g	
IL / SL 5880.12/2,			SP 5880:	300 g	
IL / SL 5880.12/300, IP / SP 5880.12/2:	2 x 1 changeover conta	ct, programmable	Dimensions		
Thermal current I _{th} :	4 A	71 0	Diffictisions		
Switching capacity to AC 15			Width x height x depth:		
NO:	5 A / AC 230 V	C/EN 60 947-5-1	IL 5880: SL 5880:	35 x 90 x 61 mm 35 x 90 x 98 mm	
NC:		C/EN 60 947-5-1	IP 5880:	70 x 90 x 61 mm	
to DC 13: Electrical life	2 A / DC 24 V IE	C/EN 60 947-5-1	SP 5880:	70 x 90 x 98 mm	
to AC 15 at 1 A, AC 230 V:	≥5 x 10 ⁵ switching cycles	IEC/EN 60 947-5-1	01 10 11 1 501 50	455 (U 5000	
Short circuit strength			Classification to DIN EN 50155 for IL 5880		
max. fuse rating: Mechanical life:			Vibration and		
General Data			shock resistance: Ambient temperature:	Category 1, Class E T1 compliant	B IEC/EN 61 373
	0 11 11		·	T2, T3 and TX with o	perational limitations
Operating mode: Temperature range	Continuous operation		Protective coating of the PCB	: No	
Operation:	- 20 + 60°C		Standard Types		
Storage:	- 20 + 70°C				
Altitude: Clearance and creepage	< 2.000 m		IL 5880.12 AC 220 240 V Article number:	0053378	
distances			 Auxiliary voltage U_H: 	AC 220 240 V	
rated impulse voltage /			 adjustable alarm value R_{AL}: 	5 100 kΩ	
pollution degree between auxiliary supply		IEC 60 664-1	• Width:	35 mm	
connections (A1- A2):	4 kV / 2 at AC-auxiliary voltage		SL 5880.12 AC 220 240 V		
between measuring input	1 kV / 2	IEC 60 664-1	Article number:	0055396	
connections (L - PE): between auxiliary supply	4 kV / 2	IEC 00 004-1	 Auxiliary voltage U_H: 	AC 220 240 V	
and measuring input			 adjustable alarm value R_{AL}: 	5 100 kΩ	
connections:	4 kV / 2	IEC 60 664-1	• Width:	35 mm	
auxiliary supply connections and measuring input					
to relay contacts:	6 kV / 2	IEC 60 664-1			
relay contact 11-12-14 to relay contact 21-22-24:	4 kV / 2	IEC 60 664-1			
Insulation test voltage	r IX V / C	120 00 004-1			
Routine test:	AC 4 kV; 1 s				
	AC 2,5 kV; 1 s				

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Variants

IL / SL 5880.12/200: with pre-warning and programmable

outputs

IL / SL 5880.12/201: as version IL / SL 5880.12/200, but

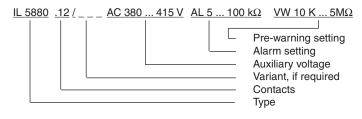
both output relays with ergized on Trip

principle

IL / SL 5880.12/300: according to DIN VDE 0100-551

as version IL / SL 5880.12/200, but for use with mobile generator sets

Ordering example for variants

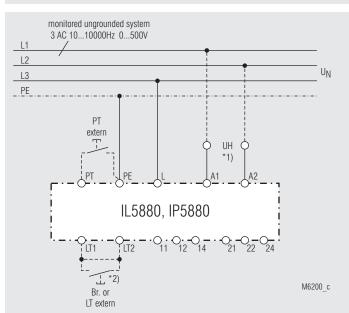


Accessories

ET 4086-0-2: Additional clip for screw mounting

Article number: 0046578

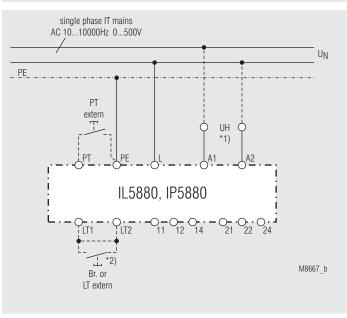
Connection Example



Monitoring of an ungrounded voltage system.

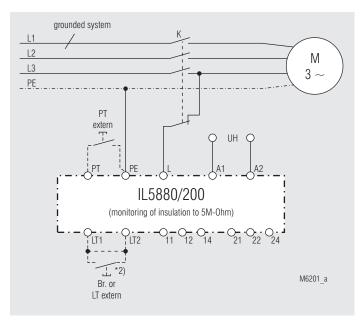
- *1) Auxiliary supply U_H (A1 A2) can be taken from the monitored voltage system. The voltage- and frequency range of the auxiliary supply input must be observed.
- *2) with bridge LT1 LT2: automatic reset without bridge LT1 LT2: manual reset, reset with button LT

Connection Example



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- *2) with bridge LT1 LT2: automatic reset without bridge LT1 - LT2: manual reset, reset with button LT



Monitoring of motorwindings against ground.

The insulation of the motor to ground is monitored as long as contactor K does not activate the load.

*2) with bridge LT1 - LT2: automatic reset without bridge LT1 - LT2: manual reset, reset with button LT